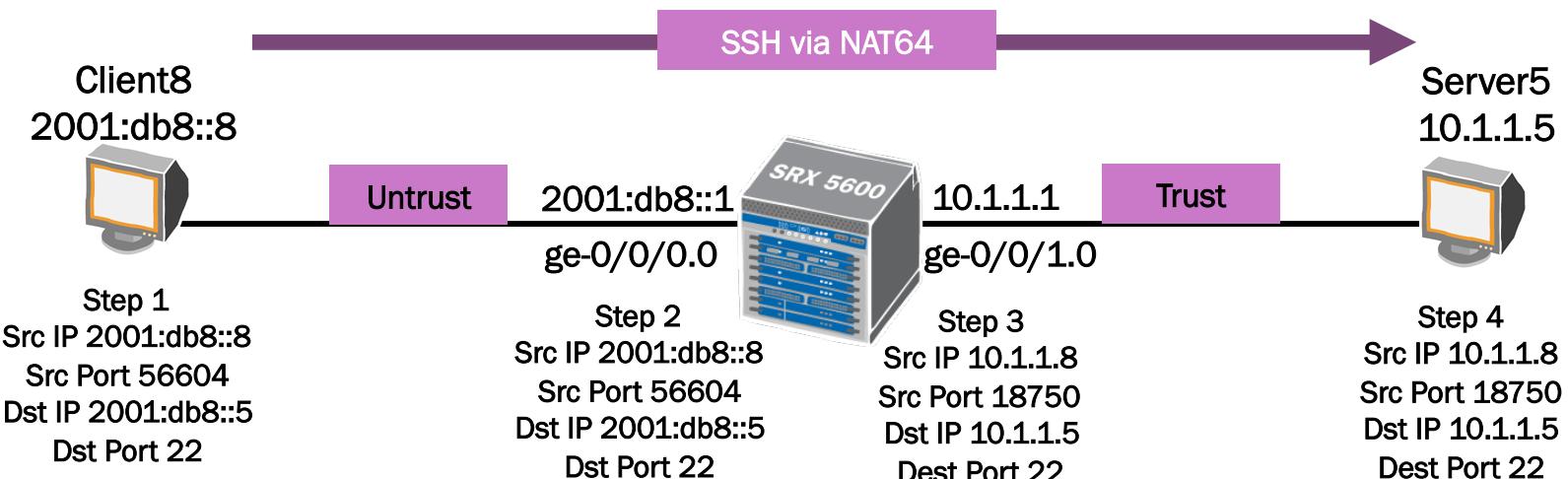


# NAT64 Overview

# NAT64 example

- SSH from an IPv6 client to an IPv4 server using NAT64
  - Use Static NAT on the Untrust side
    - SRX presents an IPv6 destination to the client
    - Translates the IPv6 destination address to the actual IPv4 address of server
  - Use Source NAT with Persistence
    - SRX translates the client's IPv6 address to an IPv4 address so the server can accept the connection
  - Example NATs:
    - Client8 from 2001:db8::8 to 10.1.1.8
    - Server5 from 10.1.1.5 to 2001:db8:5



# NAT64 configuration example – IPv6 Flow

- Ensure the SRX is configured for IPv6 Flow Mode
  - One time setting to enable flow mode for IPv6
  - Not enabled by default
  - Requires a reboot

```
security {  
    forwarding-options {  
        family {  
            inet6 {  
                mode flow-based;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# NAT64 configuration example - Interfaces

- Configure the SRX Interfaces

- ge-0/0/0.0 = 2001:db8::164
- ge-0/0/1.0 = 10.1.1.1/24

```
interfaces {
    ge-0/0/0 {
        unit 0 {
            family inet6 {
                address 2001:db8::1/64;
            }
        }
    }
    ge-0/0/1 {
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                address 10.1.1.1/24;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

# NAT64 configuration example - zones

## ■ Configure the SRX Security Zones

```
security {
    security-zone untrust {
        address-book {
            address client8 2001:db8::8/128;
        }
        interfaces {
            ge-0/0/0.0 {
                host-inbound-traffic {
                    system-services {
                        all;
                    }
                    protocols {
                        all;
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
    security-zone trust {
        address-book {
            address server5 10.1.1.5/32;
        }
        interfaces {
            ge-0/0/1.0 {
                host-inbound-traffic {
                    system-services {
                        all;
                    }
                    protocols {
                        all;
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

# NAT64 configuration example – static nat

- Configure Static NAT for Server5
  - Traffic is coming from the client on the untrust zone
  - NAT Server5's 10.1.1.5 IPv4 address to the IPv6 2001:db8::5 address

```
security {  
    nat {  
        static {  
            rule-set static64 {  
                from zone untrust;  
                rule server5 {  
                    match {  
                        destination-address 2001:db8::5/128;  
                    }  
                    then {  
                        static-nat prefix 10.1.1.5/32;  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# NAT64 configuration example – source nat

- Configure Source NAT for Client8

- Traffic is coming from the client on the untrust zone going to the server on the trust zone
- NAT Client8's 2001:db8::8 IPv6 address to the IPv4 10.1.1.8 address

```
security {
    nat {
        source {
            pool client8-ipv4-pool {
                address {
                    10.1.1.8/32;
                }
            }
            rule-set client8-rs {
                from zone untrust;
                to zone trust;
                rule client8-rule {
                    match {
                        source-address 2001:db8::8/128;
                        destination-address 10.1.1.5/32;
                    }
                    then {
                        source-nat {
                            pool {
                                client8-ipv4-pool;
                                persistent-nat {
                                    permit any-remote-host;
                                }
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

# NAT64 configuration example – proxy arp

- Enable the SRX to respond to requests on behalf of the NATs
  - Both the static and source NAT IP addresses are on the same subnets as the interface IP addresses on the SRX.
    - For the IPv4 address configure Proxy ARP
    - For the IPv6 address configure Proxy NDP

```
security {  
    nat {  
        proxy-arp {  
            interface ge-0/0/1.0 {  
                address {  
                    10.1.1.8/32;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
        proxy-ndp {  
            interface ge-0/0/0.0 {  
                address {  
                    2001:db8::5/128;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# NAT64 configuration example – policies

- Configure a Security Policy from zone untrust to zone trust
  - Can use the key word "any"
  - Example is explicit using
    - IPv6 address 2001:db8::8 for client8
    - IPv4 address 10.1.1.5 for server5

```
security {  
    policies {  
        from-zone untrust to-zone trust {  
            policy client8-to-server5 {  
                match {  
                    source-address client8;  
                    destination-address server5;  
                    application any;  
                }  
                then {  
                    permit;  
                    log {  
                        session-init;  
                        session-close;  
                    }  
                    count;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# NAT64 validation – session table (brief)

- Once Client8 initiates an SSH session to Server5 you can view the session entry in the flow table

```
admin@srx210> show security flow session
```

```
Session ID: 1612, Policy name: client8-to-server5/6, Timeout: 1794, Valid
In: 2001:db8::8/56604 --> 2001:db8::5/22;tcp, If: ge-0/0/0.0, Pkts: 24, Bytes: 3601
Out: 10.1.1.5/22 --> 10.1.1.8/18750;tcp, If: ge-0/0/1.0, Pkts: 17, Bytes: 3205
```

# NAT64 validation – session table (detailed)

## ■ Detailed view of the session table

```
admin@srx210-1> show security flow session session-identifier 1612
Session ID: 1612, Status: Normal
Flag: 0x0
Policy name: client8-to-server5/6
Source NAT pool: client8-ipv4-pool
Dynamic application: junos:UNKNOWN,
Maximum timeout: 1800, Current timeout: 1746
Session State: Valid
Start time: 3476, Duration: 63
In: 2001:db8::8/56604 --> 2001:db8::5/22;tcp,
  Interface: ge-0/0/0.0,
  Session token: 0x7, Flag: 0x0x623
  Route: 0xc0010, Gateway: 2001:db8::8, Tunnel: 0
  Port sequence: 0, FIN sequence: 0,
  FIN state: 0,
  Pkts: 24, Bytes: 3601
Out: 10.1.1.5/22 --> 10.1.1.8/18750;tcp,
  Interface: ge-0/0/1.0,
  Session token: 0x8, Flag: 0x0x620
  Route: 0xa0010, Gateway: 10.1.1.5, Tunnel: 0
  Port sequence: 0, FIN sequence: 0,
  FIN state: 0,
  Pkts: 17, Bytes: 3205
Total sessions: 1
```

# NAT64 validation – static nat

- View statistics for the Static NAT

```
admin@srx210-1> show security nat static rule all
Total static-nat rules: 1
Total referenced IPv4/IPv6 ip-prefixes: 1/1
```

```
Static NAT rule: server5          Rule-set: static64
  Rule-Id                  : 1
  Rule position             : 1
  From zone                : untrust
  Destination addresses    : 2001:db8::5
  Host addresses           : 10.1.1.5
  Netmask                  : 128
  Host routing-instance    : N/A
  Translation hits         : 16
```

# NAT64 validation – source nat

## ■ View statistics for the Source NAT

```
admin@srx210-1> show security nat source rule all
Total rules: 1
Total referenced IPv4/IPv6 ip-prefixes: 1/1

source NAT rule: client8-rule          Rule-set: client8-rs
  Rule-Id                  : 1
  Rule position            : 1
  From zone                : untrust
  To zone                  : trust
  Match
    Source addresses        : 2001:db8::8      - 2001:db8::8
    Destination addresses   : 10.1.1.5       - 10.1.1.5
    Destination port         : 0                 - 0
  Action                   : client8-ipv4-pool
  Persistent NAT type      : any-remote-host
  Persistent NAT mapping type: address-port-mapping
  Inactivity timeout       : 300
  Max session number       : 30
  Translation hits          : 13
```

# NAT64 validation – source nat

- View statistics for the Source NAT

```
admin@srx210-1> show security nat source persistent-nat-table all
      Internal          Reflective           Source      Type      Left_time/  Curr_Sess_Num/  Source
      In_IP        In_Port I_Proto Ref_IP      Ref_Port R_Proto NAT_Pool      Conf_time  Max_Sess_Num  NAT_Rule
2001:db8::8     56604   tcp    10.1.1.8      18750     tcp    client8-ipv4-pool any-remote-host  -/300    1/30    client8-rule
```

# NAT64 validation – traffic logs

- Traffic logs are generated by the security policy (if enabled)

```
admin@srx210-1> show log traffic-log
Oct 11 22:03:22 srx210-1 RT_FLOW: RT_FLOW_SESSION_CREATE: session created
2001:db8:0:0:0:0:8/56604->2001:0:0:0:5/22 None 10.1.1.8/18750->10.1.1.5/22 client8-rule
server5 6 client8-to-server5 untrust trust 1612 N/A(N/A) ge-0/0/0.0

Oct 11 22:07:09 srx210-1 RT_FLOW: RT_FLOW_SESSION_CLOSE: session closed TCP FIN:
2001:db8:0:0:0:0:8/56604->2001:db8:0:0:0:5/22 None 10.1.1.8/18750->10.1.1.5/22
client8-rule server5 6 client8-to-server5 untrust trust 1612 76(8337) 48(9057) 228
UNKNOWN UNKNOWN N/A(N/A) ge-0/0/0.0:db8:0:0
```

# NAT64 validation – NAT logs

- Below is an example of the logs generated by the persistent NATs:

```
admin@srx210-1> show log nat64-log
Oct 11 21:25:58 srx210-1 RT_NAT: RT_PST_NAT_BINDING_CREATE: Pst NAT (Active ) binding
created, lsys_id: 0, internal ip/port/protocol: 2001:db8:0:0:0:0:8/56599/6, reflexive
ip/port/protocol: 10.1.1.8/12689/6

Oct 11 21:29:10 srx210-1 RT_NAT: RT_PST_NAT_BINDING_MATCH: Pst NAT (Active ) binding
matched, lsys_id: 0, internal ip/port/protocol: 2001:db8:0:0:0:0:8/56599/6, reflexive
ip/port/protocol: 10.1.1.8/12689/6

Oct 11 21:34:20 srx210-1 RT_NAT: RT_PST_NAT_BINDING_DELETE: Pst NAT (Invalid_1) binding
deleted, lsys_id: 0, internal ip/port/protocol: 2001:db8:0:0:0:0:8/56599/6, reflexive
ip/port/protocol: 10.1.1.8/12689/6
```